## Drawing Ray Diagrams for Plane Mirrors INSTRUCTIONS

#### <u>Steps</u>:

- 1. Draw a line to represent a plane mirror.
- 2. Draw a simple object (i.e. pencil, arrow, etc...).
- 3. Label one end of the object A and the other end B.
- 4. Draw an incident ray from point A on the object to the mirror at 90°.
- 5. Draw the reflected ray backwards along the same line as the incident ray.
- 6. Using a dashed line, extend the reflected ray behind the mirror.
- 7. Draw another incident ray from A at an angle to the mirror (Not a 90° angle).
- 8. Draw the normal as a dotted line. The normal is located at a 90° angle to the mirror.
- 9. Measure the angle of incidence and draw the reflected ray.
- 10. Using a dashed line, extend the reflected ray behind the mirror until it meets the other dashed line.
- 11. Repeat steps 4 to 10 for point B on the object.

#### Ray Diagram for Plane Mirror:

#### Description of the Image:

Location:	 
Orientation:	 1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1
Size:	
Туре:	
SNC2P   Light & Optics	

# Drawing Ray Diagrams for Plane Mirrors PRACTICE

### <u>Steps</u>:

- 1. Draw a line to represent a plane mirror.
- 2. Draw a simple object (i.e. pencil, arrow, etc...).
- 3. Label one end of the object A and the other end B.
- 4. Draw an incident ray from point A on the object to the mirror at 90°.
- 5. Draw the reflected ray backwards along the same line as the incident ray.
- 6. Using a dashed line, extend the reflected ray behind the mirror.
- 7. Draw another incident ray from A at an angle to the mirror (Not a 90° angle).
- 8. Draw the normal as a dotted line. The normal is located at a 90° angle to the mirror.
- 9. Measure the angle of incidence and draw the reflected ray.
- 10. Using a dashed line, extend the reflected ray behind the mirror until it meets the other dashed line.
- 11. Repeat steps 4 to 10 for point B on the object.

#### Ray Diagram for Plane Mirror:

	mirror
A B	
Description of the Image:	
Location:	
Orientation:	
<b>S</b> ize:	
Type:	

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